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CONTENTS

Articles

Negligence and Liability Without Fault in Tort Law

*Cornelius J. Peck* 225

Though negligence is emphasized as a basis for determining liability in tort law, Professor Peck points out that liability without fault has always played a major role in that area and, in fact, underlies most torts which are recognized today. After examining these types of torts and distilling some general principles governing the application of liability without fault, he concludes that these principles are also applicable to automobile accident litigation, thus predicting the demise of negligence as a principle of liability in that field.

The Area of Origin and a Columbia River Diversion

*Ralph W. Johnson* 245

A major Columbia River water diversion is an option available to meet the future long-range water needs of the rapidly growing but arid Southwest. Without taking a position on the ultimate issue of diversion, Professor Johnson examines numerous precedents and current proposals for protecting the water rights of the area of origin. Since authority for determining whether and on what terms a diversion will take place rests with Congress, the political interests involved in a major diversion project are discussed and proposals are advanced for protecting areas of origin in light of past experience and political reality.

Washington Disinherits the Non-Native Wife

*James B. Gilchrist* 283

Under Washington law the marital property rights of a couple who moves to Washington are treated differently than those of a native couple. The author traces the source and effects of this practice, examines possible common law solutions, and recommends adoption of a "quasi-community property" statute, similar to the successful California statute which gives the migratory spouse protection and inheritance tax treatment comparable to that of the native spouse.

Comments

Freedom to Hear: A Political Justification of the First Amendment 311

Historical analysis of the first amendment reveals that it was adopted primarily to safeguard and promote self-government through the communication of political ideas and attitudes among citizens. The author argues that these political underpinnings support the recognition of a freedom to hear corresponding to the freedoms of speech and press. Implementation of this freedom, recognizing its political basis, would eliminate many infringements on activity the Framers intended to protect. A freedom to hear would also provide a useful analytic tool in alleviating much of the repressive influence on political activity exerted by the private sector.
Group Insurance: Agency Characterization of the Master Policy-Holder

One of the major issues in connection with group life insurance is whether the master policy holder, the person who takes out the insurance, is the agent of the insurance company. This comment describes the general characteristics of group insurance and discusses the factors courts consider in finding an agency relationship between the master policyholder and the insurance company. Arguments are presented that the most equitable results are reached when the insurer is held responsible for the acts of the master policyholder under an agency theory.

Recent Developments


Reviews

Frank, American Law: The Case for Radical Reform

William H. Gates, Jr. 445

Book Notes 449

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Address all correspondence to: Washington Law Review
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University of Washington
Seattle, Washington 98105