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DEFENDING BUSINESS AND WHITE COLLAR CRIMES: FEDERAL AND STATE. By F. Lee Bailey and Henry B. Rothblatt. Rochester: The Lawyer's Co-operative Publishing Co., 1969. Pp. 740.

White collar crimes occupy a unique position in criminal law. Prosecutions frequently implicate businessmen and professionals in their commercial affairs or dealings with government agencies. Hence, defense work is likely to be referred to attorneys who do not usually handle criminal matters. This book is designed to acquaint attorneys with the techniques used in defending both the petty check passer and the multi-million dollar price-fixer. The authors touch on such matters as pre-trial strategy and trial tactics. Organized in hornbook style, this single volume presents an authoritative, completely annotated treatment of a subject of increasing interest to attorneys engaged in corporate or commercial practice.

INDEX/CITATOR TO INSURANCE LAW. By Olga Becker, St. Louis: Eden Publishing House, 1969. Pp. 478. \$40.00.

This single volume is intended to aid attorneys in locating pertinent insurance law references in a matter of minutes. Citations to over twenty major reference works and treatises are organized under more than 8000 appropriate subject headings indexed alphabetically. Included are citations to AM. JUR., C.J.S., A.L.R., 7th DEC. DIGEST, U.S.C.A., U.L.A., APPLEMAN, BLASHFIELD, COUCH, and WORDS AND PHRASES. Identifying over 140 different kinds of insurance, the author treats all the major fields of insurance as well as some specialized types of policies. This book will provide a valuable asset to the library of the active practitioner.

SCHOOL DISTRICT TORT LIABILITY IN THE 70's. By William C. Knaak. St. Paul, Minnesota: Marric Publishing Co., 1969. Pp. 233. \$3.95.

In an attempt to provide sorely needed data concerning the tort liability of school districts, the author presents a valuable survey of the law in this area. Although addressed primarily to school administrators, the book should also prove beneficial to attorneys needing to

familiarize themselves with legal problems of school districts. Particularly useful is the author's state-by-state survey of the current status of governmental immunity enjoyed by school districts. In addition, various other defenses available to school districts are examined. Sections on liability insurance and cost implications of tort liability are included. The interested reader must be warned, however, that many parts of the book are concerned primarily with Minnesota law.

JUSTICE: THE CRISIS OF LAW, ORDER, AND FREEDOM IN AMERICA. By Richard Harris. New York: E. P. Dutton & Co., Inc., 1970. Pp. 269. \$6.95.

The author, a staff writer for the *New Yorker*, presents a provocative but biased account of the workings in and around the Department of Justice during the last presidential campaign, the interregnum, and the initial months of the Nixon administration. The book is openly adulatory of former Attorney General Ramsey Clark and his aides and highly critical of the Department as administered by the present Attorney General, John Mitchell. It is timely, interesting reading which will generate approbation or condemnation among readers according to their political philosophies. The major criticism of the book is the author's failure to attribute statements to their sources, making it appear to the critical reader much like the average Washington gossip column.

LAW AND ORDER: THE SCALES OF JUSTICE. Edited by Abraham S. Blumberg. Chicago: Aldine Publishing Co., 1970. Pp. 198. \$5.95.

To many Americans, "Law and Order" has become the panacea which will restore stability to our social and legal institutions. Often unable to comprehend the violent demands for change, these citizens, mostly middle-class Americans, adhere to the belief that our legal system can best provide for orderly change through the distribution of rewards and the preservation of current opportunity structures. In a series of essays the editors amply demonstrate that in many cases our legal system operates as the mechanism that obstructs change and insulates those who legally violate our sense of justice. The authors portray creditors, landlords and the wealthy as those groups tending to receive favorable treatment from the courts, legislatures and regu-

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latory agencies, usually to the detriment of the consumers, the young, the deviant and the poor. The book provides interesting and stimulating reading and advances some appropriate suggestions for remedying inequalities.

ANATOMY OF A PERSONAL INJURY LAW SUIT: A HANDBOOK OF BASIC TRIAL ADVOCACY. Edited by Robert M. Dudnik. Boston: American Trial Lawyers Association, 1968. Pp. 233.

Written to aid attorneys in the preparation of personal injury litigation, this book offers a step-by-step approach to the intricacies of handling the often cumbersome personal injury case. While it catalogues everything from the initial interview to the final settlement, the main emphasis is on pre-trial preparations and trial tactics. Of particular interest are the sections devoted to a brief study of the human anatomy, including a glossary of medical terminology, and an introduction to the mechanics and purposes of standard types of medical examinations. Labelled illustrations of the various parts of the human body, designed to give the reader a brief introduction to physical anatomy, are conveniently placed in the center of the book. This work could prove useful to the attorney desirous of gaining cursory familiarity with this area of the law. However, its pedestrian overtones make the book's value to the experienced personal-injury attorney questionable. It might, however, serve as a convenient check-list of pre-trial procedures.

MAN-MADE AMERICA: CHAOS OR CONTROL? By Christopher Tunnard and Boris Pushkarev. New Haven: Yale University Press, 1969. Pp. 479. \$8.95.

This is a republication of an award-winning book originally published in 1963. Written jointly by a professor of urban planning and a partner of the Regional Plan Association, the book is not primarily concerned with the restoration of central core older cities, as one might expect; instead it focuses on the rural-urban fringes often ignored by professional planners. Concerned about the lack of emphasis placed upon esthetic values in urban planning, the authors believe the remedy lies in consideration of the artifacts with which man shapes his surround-

ings. The value of the author's work should be even more apparent now, with public interest in ecology.

THE FRANCHISE HANDBOOK: A COMPLETE GUIDE TO SELECTING, BUYING AND OPERATING. By Jan Cameron. New York: Crown Publishers, Inc. 1970. Pp. 212.

The author, a franchisee herself, presents a guide for the potential entrepreneur, with advice and consolation for the individual already operating a franchised business. Included are instructions designed to help the would-be businessman assess his chances of prospering as a franchise operator. The book is unquestionably written for the layman who desires an insider's advice on opening and operating a franchised business. It contains pointers on contract terms, training, advertising, and choice of location. Legally oriented readers will find of particular interest the author's survey of existing and pending franchise legislation and court decisions beneficial to franchisees.